**Maintaining Clinical Preventive Services, Including Immunizations, During the COVID-19 Pandemic**

The COVID-19 pandemic is changing rapidly and continues to affect communities across the United States differently. Clinicians must maintain access to clinical services in environments that are safe for all. Some of the [strategies](https://www.acponline.org/acp_policy/policies/statement_on_non_urgent_in-person_medical_care_2020.pdf) used to slow the spread of disease in communities include postponing or cancelling non-urgent elective procedures and using telemedicine instead of face-to-face encounters for routine medical encounters.

**Clinics working with children:**

Healthcare providers in communities affected by COVID-19 are using [strategies to separate well visits from sick](https://services.aap.org/en/pages/covid-19-clinical-guidance-q-a/). Examples include:

* Scheduling well visits in the morning and sick visits in the afternoon
* Separating patients spatially, such as by placing patients with sick visits in different areas of the clinic or another location from patients with well visits.
* Collaborating with providers in the community to identify separate locations for holding well visits for children.

Because of personal, practice, or community circumstances related to COVID-19, some providers may not be able to provide well child visits, including provision of immunizations, for all patients in their practice. If a practice can provide only limited well child visits, healthcare providers are encouraged to prioritize newborn care and vaccination of infants and young children (through 24 months of age) when possible.

**Clinics working with adults:**

Delivery of some clinical preventive services for adults, such as immunizations, requires face-to-face encounters and in areas with community transmission of SARS-CoV-2, these should be postponed except when:

* An in-person visit must be scheduled for some other purpose and the clinical preventive service can be delivered during that visit with no additional risk; or
* An individual patient and their clinician believe that there is a compelling need to receive the service based on an assessment that the potential benefit outweighs the risk of exposure to the virus that causes COVID-19

CDC is monitoring the situation and will continue to provide guidance at <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/preparedness-checklists.html> for adult recommendations and <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/pediatric-hcp.html> for pediatric recommendations.